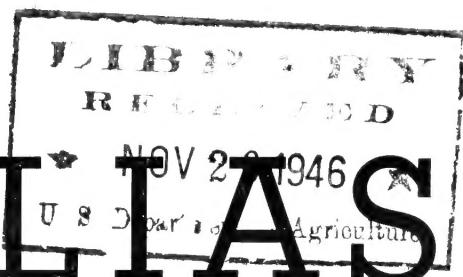


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CAMELLIAS

1946-1947



CHANDLERI ELEGANS

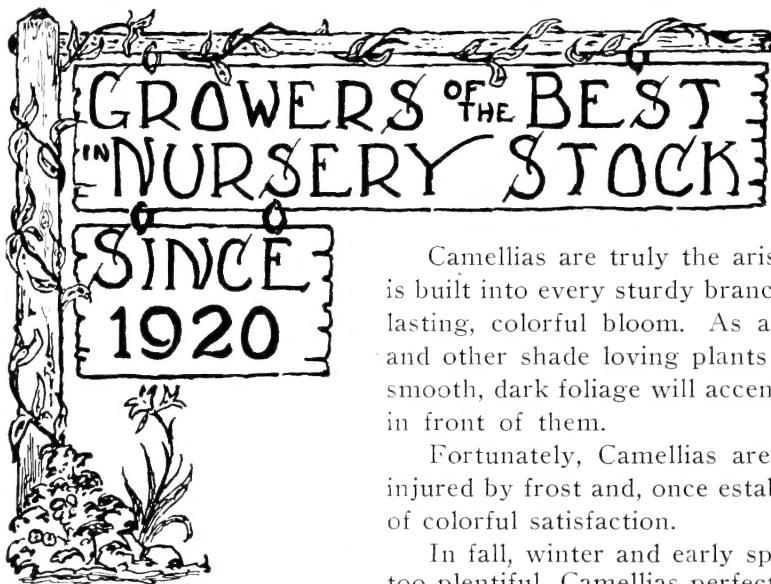
Tuttle Bros. Nurseries

729 ATLANTA STREET

PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

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Camellias

Camellias are truly the aristocrats of the garden. Character is built into every sturdy branch, each varnished leaf, each long-lasting, colorful bloom. As a background for Azaleas, Ferns and other shade loving plants Camellias are unexcelled. Their smooth, dark foliage will accentuate the color of flowers planted in front of them.

Fortunately, Camellias are exceptionally pest free, are not injured by frost and, once established, should provide a life time of colorful satisfaction.

In fall, winter and early spring, when other flowers are not too plentiful, Camellias perfect their shapely bloom and, if you select the proper varieties, you will find them a prolific source of long-lasting flowers for cutting.

Camellias are particularly useful as pot plants in the shaded patio. Some varieties lend themselves much more handsomely to this purpose than others. One of the best we think is Covina. The plant grows round, dense and symmetrical and during the blooming season shapely bloom of satiny double pink crowd themselves over the whole plant.

Have you ever trained a Camellia against a wall or trellis? If not, you have missed one of the thrills of gardening. The operation is quite simple. Tie back the branches in the position you want them. Any superfluous branches may be pruned out. When blooming time comes you'll have a sight fit for a king. Every flower on the plant will be turned outward toward the light—a big flat bouquet of scintillating beauty.

Now a word about the cost of Camellias. Some people think Camellias expensive. Compared with the price of ordinary shrubs Camellias do cost several times as much. However, when you stop to think the life of a Camellia is probably several times that of an ordinary shrub you'll realize they are not expensive after all.

WHEN, HOW AND WHERE TO PLANT CAMELLIAS

WHEN TO PLANT. Camellias are easily transplanted from containers to the garden at any time of year, whether in bloom or not.

WHERE TO PLANT. While Camellias enjoy shade they do best where they receive some sun. They will thrive under tall trees where sunlight filters through or where they receive direct early morning or late afternoon sun. They also grow well on the north side of buildings or on the east side if lawn or other ground cover is growing in front of them. We have also seen many Camellias grown in full sun where grass or ground cover beneath protected them from reflected heat.

PLANTING. If soil is light to loamy dig a hole twice as deep and twice as wide as is necessary to accommodate the soil in which the Camellia is growing. Mix $\frac{1}{3}$ leafmold and $\frac{2}{3}$ top soil, place plant in hole and fill in soil mixture beneath and around plant, being careful to see that Camellia is not planted deeper than it was in the container in which you received it. Tamp soil firmly and water at once thoroughly. If soil is heavy use a planting mixture of $\frac{1}{3}$ leaf-mold, $\frac{1}{5}$ sand and balance top soil. If soil is so heavy it does not drain dig a hole twice the depth mentioned above and fill the bottom foot or more with coarse gravel.

IRRIGATION. Do not allow Camellias to become dry at any time. Bud drop may be caused by allowing plants to become dry in late summer. If you live in an area served by the Metropolitan Water District, give the plants an exceptionally heavy irrigation three times

during the growing season and just before fertilizer is applied.

FERTILIZATION. We recommend the use of Camellia Bet-er Growe for Camellias, applied according to directions on package, beginning after Camellias have finished blooming and continuing, every eight weeks, until July. If you live in an area served by the Metropolitan Water District add 10% Soil Sulphur.

BUD DROP. We believe the use of Bet-er Growe will help overcome this condition. Other operations that will help are keeping Camellias well watered in late summer; thinning buds when they are set too heavily; and applying mulch as mentioned below.

MULCH. A heavy mulch of leaf mold or well rotted manure should cover the soil under Camellias at all times. **DO NOT CULTIVATE.**

PEST CONTROL. Camellias are generally remarkably free from pests. However, there is a possibility of the following:

SCALE. Apply Volck, as directed on package, twice at two week intervals between August 15 and September 30. Apply during the cooler part of the day and do not apply when thermometer registers above 85 degrees and, of course, there is no use spraying unless scale is actually present.

APHIS. Spray with Black Leaf 40.

CHEWING INSECTS. Spray or dust with Basic Lead Arsenate.

PRUNING. Camellias need only such pruning as is necessary to keep them in shape. This may be done any time after the wood has hardened.

ESPALIER CAMELLIAS

For those of you who want your Camellias already trained we have the following varieties grown on green trellises priced from \$15.00 to \$35.00.

BRIAR ROSE. Single soft clear pink.
Flaring growth, small dark foliage.

CHANDLERI ELEGANS
COL. FIREY

IMPERATOR

JUDITH

MME. JANNOCH

ADRIAN LeBRUN. This is the red Perfection with the same symmetry of form of flower and vigorous growth of shrub as the more familiar Pink Perfection. Oct. to April. 1-gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

ALBA PLENA. The most sought after white Camellia. The medium sized flowers are of lovely form, delicate and chiffon-like with overlapping petals that never show the stamens. The bushy plant has a spreading habit of growth, with pale green foliage, requiring more shade than most Camellias. The earliest white, blooming some seasons from Thanksgiving until March. 1-gal., \$3.75; 2-gal., \$5.50; 5-gal., \$12.50.

ALBA SUPERBA. Large informal, semi-double pure white Camellia. Showy stamens are interspersed among its large petals. Good sized, light green foliage makes a fine background. Blooms in mid-season. 1-gal., \$2.50; 2-gal., \$5.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

ALOHA. A full peony, medium sized Camellia of dark salmon-rose with large outer guard petals. A magnificent bloom and one of the finest grown. Of fast open growth with heavily veined foliage. The earliest red Camellia. Oct. to Feb. 1-gal., \$5.25; 2-gal., \$8.50.

AURORA BOREALIS. The large waved flower is a semi-double white, streaked and splashed with rose. In the center is an interesting mass of twisting stamens. Both plant and foliage are of medium size. Mid-season bloomer. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

BELLA ROMANA. A striking variegated Camellia, double and large petaled. The color varies in individual flowers but is a rich pink splashed with streaks of deep rose. The texture is that of crepe paper. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$2.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

BLOOD OF CHINA. A velvety orange-red blossom, large, loose and informally double, of the peony type. The yellow stamens show occasionally, intermingled with the small center petals. It blooms late in the season but quite freely. The plant is vigorous and spreading; the foliage rounded, glossy and deep green. One of the most sought after and prized of Camellias. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$3.75; 2-gal., \$8.50.

CAPRICE. A double creamy white Camellia with something of the texture of a gardenia. Its stamens are interspersed capriciously among the small center petals. The bloom has a slight fragrance. The plant is bushy; its foliage substantial and of a deep green color. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$3.00; 2-gal., \$5.50.

CHANDLERI ELEGANS. The Camellia that makes everyone exclaim. Enormous peony flowered bloom with tightly curled center petals among a fringe of large ones. The bloom is soft rose splotched with white. Though the shrub is of moderate growth, it is bushy and the flowers are produced even when the plant is small. Fine to espalier. Dec. to April. 1-gal., \$3.25; 2-gal., \$6.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

CHEERFUL. Clear cherry-red flowers, double, free flowering. The plant makes a compact shrub with fine foliage and is one of the hardiest. Nov. to Dec. 1-gal., \$1.50; 2-gal., \$4.50; 5-gal., \$6.00.

CHIFFON. A lovely clear pink Camellia without shading, semi-double in form and of a transparent texture. It blooms freely and is open and vigorous in growth. Jan. to March. 1 gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

COL. FIREY. Well named! Large double, rich crimson, beautifully shaped to 5 inches across having the regular form of Pink Perfection, but much larger and, of course, gayer and brighter. The plant is slow in growth, is somewhat dwarf, but sets many flowers. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$3.50; 2-gal., \$8.50; 5-gal., \$12.50.

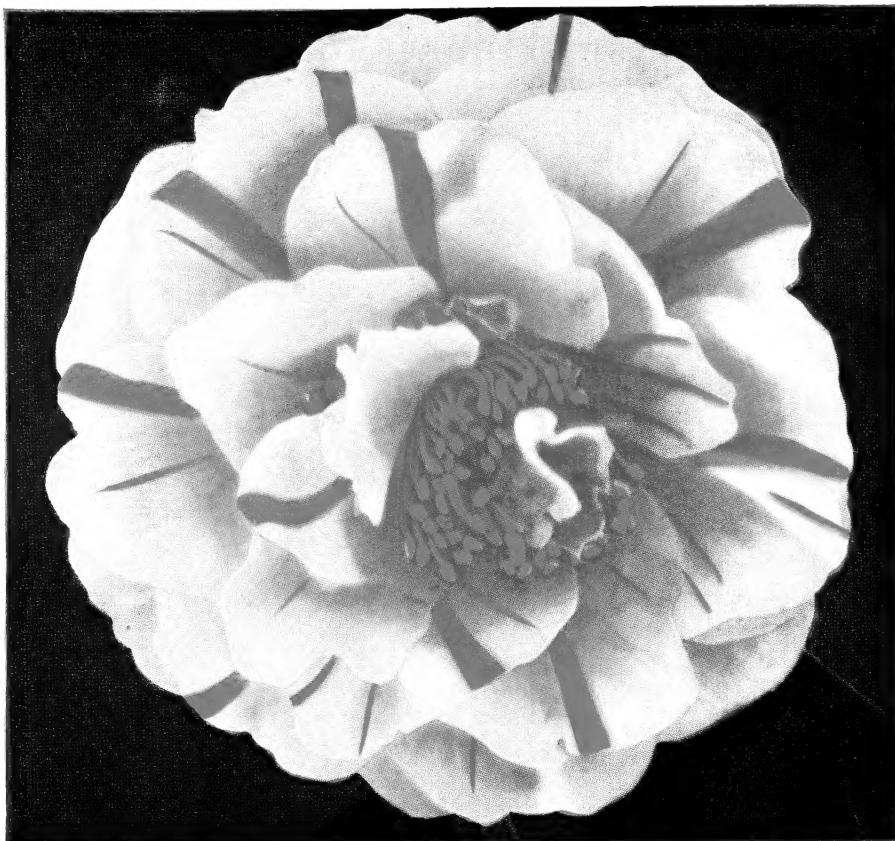
COVINA. One of the best producers among the Camellias, blooming freely over a long period. The flowers are medium in size, double, clear rose pink, the petals more loosely arranged than in a formal double. The shrub grows compactly with fine foliage, making it especially desirable for tub culture. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$1.50; 2-gal., \$4.50; 5-gal., \$6.00.

CRIMSON SUNSET. Bright red, medium sized flower in peony form, one of the best. The yellow stamens appear irregularly through the blossom. It is a vigorous, upright shrub that blooms when young. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$4.00; 2-gal., \$8.50.

DAIKAGURA. The earliest Camellia to bloom. Bright rose-red splotched with white, a full double, its center petals are smaller and often curled and twisted. The foliage is beautiful. Nov. to Feb. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

DEBUTANTE. This is a favorite as a cut flower. A solid light pink peony form Camellia that is tightly formed and does not show the stamens. The plant is tall and vigorous, its medium sized leaves are deeply serrated. Nov. to Feb. 1-gal., \$4.00; 5-gal., \$12.50.

DUNCAN BELL. Brilliant blood red peony type Camellia, four and a half to six inches across, the large outer petals surrounding a mass of petaloids. Extremely unusual. The plant grows upright and is vigorous, with large dark green foliage. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$7.50.



HERMES

ELENA NOBILE. This medium to large semi-double Camellia opens to show a mass of golden stamens. The color is a remarkable shade of red, described by some as flame, by others as watermelon. It blooms late but heavily. The plant is strong and upright in growth; its leaves medium in size and dark green. March to May. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$6.50.

ELIZABETH. White with a small pink marking on most blossoms. The bloom is compact, double and incurved. A strong grower with large glossy foliage and profuse bloom. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

ELLA DRAYTON. Huge rose-red Camellia, cherry red on reverse side, with big petals which give a star-like effect. The shrub is tall, slender and free branching. Feb. to April. 1-gal., \$3.25; 5-gal., \$7.50.

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA. A showy Camellia with huge waxy outer petals of brilliant geranium red, occasionally flecked with white, around a center of small recurved petaloids interestingly mingled with golden stamens. The plant has fine foliage and is compact in growth. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$8.50.

EMPEROR WILHELM. Huge, bright cherry-red with a very clear white section, the center of the flower is filled with petaloids and stamens. In form it is similar to Chandleri Elegans but is even larger. The plant is a rapid grower and outstanding. Dec. to March. 1-gal., \$6.50; 5-gal., \$12.50.

ENRICO BETTONI. An informal double, large and beautifully transparent pink Camellia whose blooms are flat and broad with golden stamens among the central petals. Vigorous, upright growing plant with medium green foliage. Feb. to April. 1-gal., \$3.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

FANNY BOLIS. An informal semi-double rose-red flower, boldly marbled with white. The golden stamens make a fine display among the loosely arranged center petals. The plant is bushy with large dark leathery foliage. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$2.50; 2-gal., \$5.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

FIMBRIATA. The exquisite blooms are like those of Alba Plena except that the petals are overlapping, giving a scalloped effect and are daintily fringed on the edges. No stamens show. This is the perfect Camellia, for one can scarcely imagine a more delicate bloom. Medium sized shrub with light green foliage. Dec. to March. 1-gal., \$6.75; 5-gal., \$12.50.



GRANDIFLORA ROSEA

FINLANDIA. Extremely large semi-double white Camellia unusually delicate and clear-cut in form. The petals are broad and waxy; the golden stamens extremely showy. The medium green foliage is carried on a compact, bushy plant. Dec. to March. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

FRANCINE. A fine Camellia to espalier. Huge rose-pink peony flowers look like old-fashioned nosegays with a frill around them. It is similar to Chandleri Elegans in foliage, growth and flowers, except that the color is pure with no variation. Dec. to March. 1-gal., \$3.50; 5-gal., \$12.50.

GRANDIFLORA ROSEA. One of the largest of the Camellias with a unique form of broad deep rose petals in two rows, which open flat around a center of long, bright yellow stamens. The plant grows upright and has excellent foliage, large, deep green, and sharply pointed. Dec. to April. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$8.50.

HERMES (Jordan's Pride). One of the very few fragrant Camellias. The flower is large, semi-double, light pink with an irregular border of white striped with pink. Among the most popular of the Camellias. The shrub is pyramidal in form. Dec. to April. 1-gal., \$2.85; 2-gal., \$5.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

IMPERATOR. A deep rose-red peony-like flower to four inches across, having a slight perfume. The shrub grows tall, open and upright. Nov. to March. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

JOHN LAING. A lovely soft salmon-rose Camellia of medium size, a compact double, symmetrical in form, similar to Pink Perfection but larger. Much sought after for corsages. The shrub is vigorous and much branched, with small glossy foliage. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$2.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

JUDITH. This is a dainty and delicate Camellia with clear single pink, cup-shaped flowers that blooms freely. The foliage is deep and rich green, the growth stiffly erect, quite different from any other Camellia. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

KUMASAKA. A fine, giant flowered Camellia possessing a delicate perfume. The blossom is rose-pink with darker veins, giving it a mottled appearance. The few large outer petals are irregular and fluffy; the varying number of petaloids in the center is interestingly curled around the showy golden stamens. Pyramid in form, the shrub grows tall, slender and compact. A heavy bloomer. Jan. to May. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

LADY CAMPBELL. This Camellia has deep pink flowers of medium size with large outer petals and a small, peony-like center. Among the most vigorous of growers. Feb. to April. 1-gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

LAUREL LEAF. One of the finest of all Camellias. The full double formal flower is salmon-pink shading to a deeper tone on the tips of the incurved petals. The form is symmetrical, imbricated, with no stamens showing, a handsome, perfectly shaped Camellia. The foliage is long, narrow, pointed and rich green. 1-gal., \$6.50; 5-gal., \$18.00.

LOTUS. The finest and largest semi-double white Camellia, with huge, wide-open crinkled petals that resemble the Water Lotus. Spectacular golden stamens add to its charm. It is a profuse mid-season bloomer. Its long, glossy dark green foliage corresponds in size with the flower. The shrub is of rapid upright growth. A Camellia to prize. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$4.00; 5-gal., \$12.50.

MADAME JANNOCH. Light red double with medium sized flowers. A hardy, rapidly growing and vigorous shrub, both tall and broad, making a beautiful specimen with its large deep green leaves, even when not in bloom. Blossoms early. Dec. to March. 1-gal., \$2.85; 5-gal., \$7.50.

MATHOTIANA RUBRA (C. M. Hovey). Symmetrical large double rose-red flowers, with huge petals marbled with white irregularly. Leathery foliage on a rapidly growing plant. Dec. to March. 1-gal., \$3.50; 2-gal., \$6.50.

MATOSI. Symmetrical double pale pink Camellia with a few white flecks through the flower. A good bloomer. The plant is bushy with soft green foliage. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

MISSION BELLS. Unusually vigorous and hardy, making a fine foliaged shrub in a very short time. The single, medium sized rose-red blooms, showing short stamens, hang like bells on the plant. Blooms profusely, at Christmas time and over a long period. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

MONARCH. This peony type Camellia is almost a ball, so unusually thick are its center petals. It is deep pink in color, later tinged with lavender. Vigorous growing plant, making a fine espalier. Dec. to April. 1-gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

MRS. CHARLES COBB. Large, very dark red, almost black, peony form Camellia with golden yellow stamens among the petals. Blooms freely. The foliage is large, shining dark green when fully grown; new leaves are almost red. Slow and spreading in growth, and very rare. Hardy. 1-gal., \$7.50.

NOBILISSIMA. A snow-white peony flowered type, the broad petals forming a background for the tightly curled tuft of smaller center petals. A free bloomer of medium size. The plant grows tall and upright. Nov. to March. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

PANACHE. A camellia of pale pink streaked with a lighter shade. The blossom is medium in size, full and symmetrical, slightly flattened. The spreading plant is the largest growing of all varieties, with the glossiest and largest leaves. Will grow in dense shade. Dec. to April. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

PAX. Camellia with large, double white flowers. The foliage is especially good, long, narrow and dark green; the plant of vigorous growth and hardy. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$5.50; 5-gal., \$12.50.

PINE CONE. This unusual Camellia is a true double and a fine bloomer. The waxy petals overlap to form a high center, suggestive of the name it bears. The foliage makes a pleasing background. 1-gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

PINK BALL. The finest Camellia among the paler pink shades. A large peony form flower with broad outer petals and a huge center of smaller petals sometimes interspersed with golden stamens. The color is very lovely, a soft, silvery La France pink. A profuse bloomer. Vigorous upright growth. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$4.00; 5-gal., \$12.50.

PINK PERFECTION. Though an old favorite, this is probably still the first choice of the novice Camellia grower. The flowers are perfectly symmetrical and delicate, of a clear shell pink. The shrub in time becomes a splendid specimen. Oct. to April. 1-gal., \$1.85; 2-gal., \$4.50; 5-gal., \$6.25.

POPE PIUS IX. The glowing deep rose-red flowers are artistically veined. A heavy blooming variety and splendid for cut flowers. The shrub is medium in size with medium green foliage. Dec. to March. 1-gal., \$4.75; 5-gal., \$12.50.

PRINCESS BACCIOCHI. This showy large double Camellia has slightly cup-shaped flowers of deep rose-red with occasional bright yellow short stamens showing through the petals. It blooms abundantly. The medium sized plant is covered with good foliage. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$2.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

PROF. C. S. SARGENT. A Camellia that likes some sun. It has a blood-red peony form blossom with very full, tightly formed mass of center petals. A rapid grower with large, dark green leaves. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

PURITY. Symmetrical double flowers of ivory white, the petals standing well apart but showing the golden stamens only in the later stages of bloom. An old favorite that blooms profusely. The plant grows rapidly into a tall, slender shrub. In bloom at Easter. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$2.50; 2-gal., \$5.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

QUEEN OF HEARTS. A white Camellia streaked with soft rose-pink, with an occasional flower or group of flowers entirely pink. The form is informal and semi-double. The plant grows quickly into an upright open shrub. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$2.50; 2-gal., \$5.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

RAINY SUN. This Camellia is a semi-double with large, loose petals, deep rose-red in color. The form somewhat resembles a Hibiscus and the flowers are almost as large. It is a heavy and colorful bloomer. The leaves are medium large, dark green and twisted. Dec. to Feb. 1-gal., \$3.00; 5-gal., \$7.50.

RED HERMES (Red Jordan's Pride). A sport of Hermes, the color being that of the deepest shade of the parent plant. It is large and loosely double with stamens appearing among the petals. Slightly fragrant. A vigorous upright grower. Jan. to April. 1-gal., \$2.85; 5-gal., \$7.50.

RETICULATA. Very large, semi-double ruffled pink petals are mingled with the yellow stamens. The foliage is narrow, pointed, dull green and netted. Blooms early in the mid-season. Very scarce. 1-gal., \$15.00 to \$25.00.

RHAPSODY. Unusually large semi-double flowers of a gay rose-pink in color displaying numerous golden-yellow stamens. The shrub has good foliage and is a strong growing plant. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$3.25; 5-gal., \$12.50.

ROSE DAWN. Large rose-pink Camellia similar in shape to Alba Plena with stamens usually not showing. It blooms quite freely even when young. Large, serrated dark green foliage; vigorous growing plant. Mid-season. 1-gal., \$6.50.

ROSITA. A fully double formal Camellia of rose-pink, each petal marked with fine veinings. Late bloom and perfect form. A bushy plant of fast and vigorous growth. Feb. to April. 1-gal., \$1.75; 2-gal., \$4.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

STAR DUST. This is a seedling of Chandeli Elegans and has the same form, size, and habit of growth though the color is daintier. Jan. to March. 5-gal., \$7.50.

ST. ANDRE. Deep red Camellia with tufted center, a semi-double loose peony form with stamens showing among the small central petals. Large, dark green foliage. A rare variety. March to May. 1-gal., \$4.25; 5-gal., \$12.50.

TE DEUM. Rich blood-red in color, very large, irregular peony in form this Camellia has looser and larger petaloids than most peoniforms. Something out of the ordinary. The plant is rapid in growth with large lustrous foliage. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$6.75; 5-gal., \$12.50.

TRICOLOR. This Camellia has something of the cup-shape of a Tulip. The ground color is white, streaked and mottled with pink and red, a large, gay flower. March to April. 1-gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

VALVAREDA. A lovely pale pink shading to deeper rose on the outer petals. The form is a cup shape of perfect regularity. The shrub is well branched and a strong grower with the finest of foliage. Jan. to March. 1-gal., \$2.50; 5-gal., \$7.50.

VICTORY. A brilliant red with bright yellow stamens mixed through the petals, sometimes even to the outer row. Large and semi-double to a full peony form. A heavy bloomer with large buds. Very vigorous and upright shrub with medium sized, shiny green leaves. Feb. to April. 1-gal., \$3.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

WHITE DOVES. This is one of the Sasanqua Camellias, a dainty trailing sort used as a ground cover or to train on a fence, wall, trellis or to espalier for the patio. The flowers are unusually delicate, feathery, double, and snowy white. Oct. to Feb. 1-gal., \$2.75; 5-gal., \$7.50.

WHITE HERMES. This Camellia has the same form and habit of growth as Hermes, of which it is a seedling. It is white with prominent stamens. Dec. to April. 1-gal., \$3.25; 5-gal., \$7.50.



**Camellia
BLOOD OF CHINA**
(Left)

Greatly prized for its exquisite
coloring, glossy foliage and
vigorous growth.

**Camellia
COLONEL FIREY**
(Below)

Noted for the size and form
of its bloom and free
flowering habits.

